

In our paper, N.K. Mello et al., The Effects of Nalbuphine and Butorphanol Treatment on Cocaine and Food Self-Administration by Rhesus Monkeys, *Neuro-*

psychopharmacology 8:45-55, 1993, Figures 1 and 4 were interchanged; however, the legends were correctly placed.

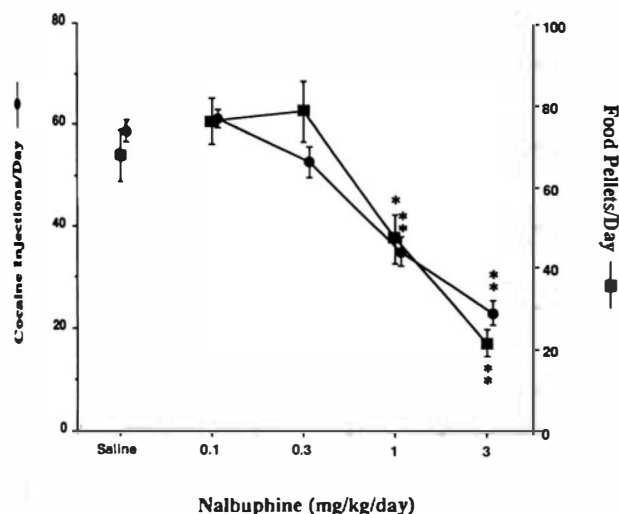


Figure 1. Effects of daily nalbuphine or saline treatment on cocaine and food self-administration. Saline treatment and each dose of nalbuphine were studied for 10 days. Each data point for cocaine (circles) and food (squares) is the average (\pm SE) of five subjects except for 0.1 mg/kg nalbuphine that is the average of three subjects. The statistical significance of each change from the saline treatment baseline is indicated by an asterisk (* p < 0.05; ** p < 0.01).

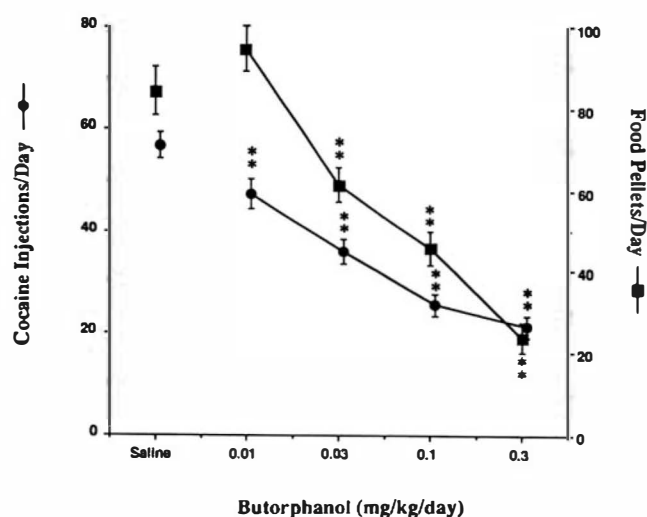


Figure 4. Effects of daily butorphanol or saline treatment on cocaine and food self-administration. Saline treatment and each dose of butorphanol were studied for 10 days. Each data point for cocaine (circles) and food (squares) is the average (\pm SE) of five subjects except for 0.3 mg/kg of butorphanol that is the average of four subjects. The statistical significance of each change from the saline treatment baseline is indicated by an asterisk (* p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01).